<b>Operations Meanings</b>	and Real Numbers B1	(KEY)
----------------------------	---------------------	-------

Name the set	ts of numbers to which	each of the fo	llowing numbe	rs belongs.	
1) -3	2) 7	3) 9/11	4) √25	5) 0	6) 7.78
R, Q, Z	R, Q, Z, W, N	R, Q	R, Q, Z, W	/, N R, Q	, Z, W R, Q
7) √17	8) 5.875	9)	3.316624	10) -15	11) 24
R, I	R, Q	R, 1	[	R, Q, Z	R, Q, Z, W, N

Identify the property of real numbers illustrated in each problem.

12)	31(1) = 31	13) $17 + 5 = 5 + 17$	14) $12 + (-12) = 0$
Mul	tiplicative Identity	Commutative (+)	Additive Inverse
15)	$5(7\cdot 8)=(5\cdot 7)8$	16) $71(5+21) = 71(5) + 71(21)$	
	Associative (X)	Distributive	
17)	29 + 0 = 29	18) $(19/11)(11/19) = 1$	19) $13(7) = 7(13)$
	Additive Identity	Multiplicative Inverse	Commutative (X)
20)	Additive Identity 17 + (13 + 41) = (17 + 13) + 41	1	
20)		1	24)19
,	17 + (13 + 41) = (17 + 13) + 41	21) $3(24 \cdot 19) = (3 \cdot 12)$	24)19

Explain the meaning of the following operations.

- 25) 12 + 53 A group of 53 added to a group of 12.
- 26)  $9 \times 12 9$  groups of 12 added together.
- 27) 8<sup>5</sup> 5 groups of 8 multiplied together.
- 28) 76 44 A group of 44 taken from a group of 76.
- 29)  $48 \div 8 48$  divided into groups of 8 or 8 groups.

- 30) Why is  $48 \div 8$  defined? 48 can be divided into 6 groups of 8. There is a set answer.
- 31) Why is  $6 \div 0$  undefined? No number of groups of zero add to 6.
- 32) Why is  $0 \div 0$  undefined? Any number of groups of zero add to zero.