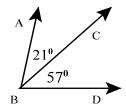
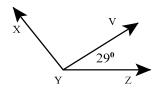
Angle Equations Geometry

Given the information in each problem, find the measure of the indicated angle.

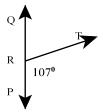
1) Find m/ABD?



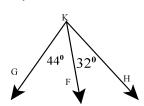
2) $m \angle XYZ = 124^{\circ}$. Find $m \angle XYV$.



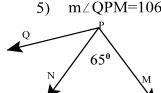
3) Find m∠QRT.



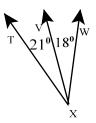
4) Find m∠GKH.



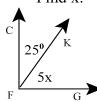
5) $m \angle QPM = 106^{\circ}$. Find $m \angle QPN$.



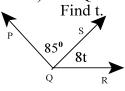
6) Find m∠TXW.



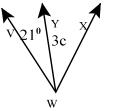
7) ∠CFG is a right angle. Find x.



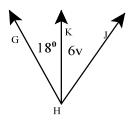
8) ∠PQR measures 133°.



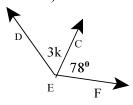
9) $m \angle VWX = 54^{\circ}$. Find c.



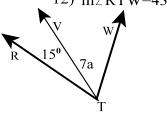
10) $m \angle GHJ = 60^{\circ}$. Find v.



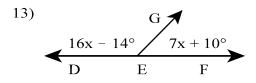
11) m∠DEF=132°. Find k

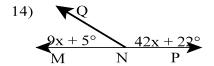


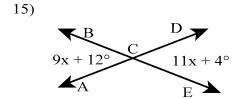
12) m∠RTW=43°. Find a.

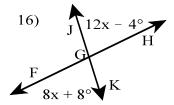


Find the measures of all angles.



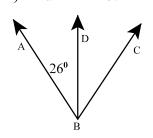




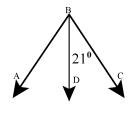


In each figure below, \overrightarrow{BD} is the angle bisector of $\angle ABC$.

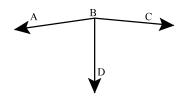
17) Find m∠ABC.



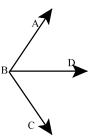
18) Find m∠ABC.



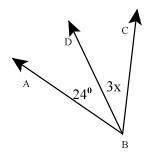
19) m∠ABC=168⁰. Find m∠ABD and m∠CBD.



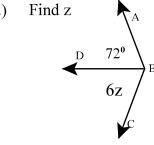
20) $m\angle ABC = 126^{\circ}$. Find $m\angle ABD$ and $m\angle CBD$.



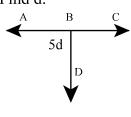
21) Find x.



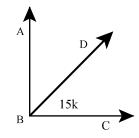
22)



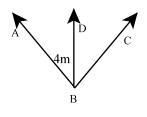
23) ∠ABC is a straight angle. Find d.



24) ∠ABC is a right angle. Find k.



25) $m\angle ABC=88^{\circ}$. Find m.



26) $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are complementary angles. $\angle 1$ is four times the measure of $\angle 2$. What do both angles measure?

27) $\angle C$ and $\angle D$ are supplementary angles. $\angle C$ is 32° greater than $\angle D$. What do both angles measure?